

Model Training Book for Beginners

Get the latest version from <https://openart.ai/modeltrainingbook>.

Brought by: [OpenArt](#)

Authors: [Nozem](#)
[Ivan Filho](#)
[PublicPrompts](#)
[Coco Mao](#)

Last updated: 11/08/2023

Model
[Kawaii 3D](#)

Prompt
<mymodel> a 3d render
of kawaii cow reading a
book on a purple
background



Table of Contents

All the images in this book are generated on [OpenArt](#). If you'd like to create a similar image, you can click the model link.

1- Preface

- Why model training?
- Who should train a model?
- OpenArt Intro

2 - Model Training Intro

- Model training VS fine-tuning
- What is LoRA?
- How to train a model?
- Keys to train a good model

3 - Style Training

4 - Character Training

5 - Face Training

6 - Object Training

7 - Step-by-step guide

8 - OpenArt Showcase

01

Preface



Model
[Kawaii 3D](#)

Prompt
<mymodel> a 3d render
of kawaii cow reading a
book on a purple
background

Why model training?



Model: modern wooden furniture

Model training, in this case **fine-tuning** specifically (we will explain the details later), **allows AI learn a concept from the images you provide and generates similar images easily**. It can help AI generate something it would otherwise cannot or struggle to generate.

- **Example 1:** You have a specific style of home decor in mind. Before, you may spend hours crafting the prompt to generate that exact style, but now you can just give AI a few images you curate and you will **effortlessly get images you like** without prompt engineering.
- **Example 2:** AI doesn't know your face, but you can show a few images of yourself and AI can **generate images of your face**.

We have more concrete examples in the next few slides.

Who should train a model?



Model: [Kawaii 3D](#)

Prompt: <mymodel> a 3d render of kawaii koala cooking on a white background

Everyone could benefit model training their own models:

- **Artists** could train models from their artwork and use AI to quickly ideate
- **Brands** could train models on their existing marketing materials and generate on-brand assets
- **Designers** could train models from images in their Pinterest board and get inspired even more
- **Concept artists** could train models of characters and prototype the character in different scenes
- **E-commerce sellers** could train models of a product and generate product photos
- **Everyone** can train model on themselves or their pets and see themselves in any outfit

Artists could train a model on specific artwork to achieve same art direction

AI-generated images of the model [High Contrast Flat Shading](#)



Some of the training images



Anime lovers could train a model on their favorite anime character and create fan art

AI-generated images of the model [Calintz](#)



Some of the training images



Bakers could train a model based on their previous baking and come up with new cake designs

AI-generated images of the model [Bakery](#)



Some of the training images



Concept artists could train a model on their character and easily prototype

AI-generated images of the model [Hollow Knight](#)



Some of the training images



Illustrators could train a model on their own illustration and visualize new ideas quickly

AI-generated images of the model [Flat Illustration](#)



Some of the training images



Interior designers could train a model on their Pinterest board and get new ideas

AI-generated images of the model [Modern Wooden Furniture Style](#)



Some of the training images



E-commerce sellers could train a model on their product and get new product photos

AI-generated images



Some of the training images



Jewellery designers could train a model based on previous jewels

AI-generated images of the model [Jewelry](#)



Some of the training images



Ikebana florists could train a model of past compositions

AI-generated images of the model [Ikebana](#)

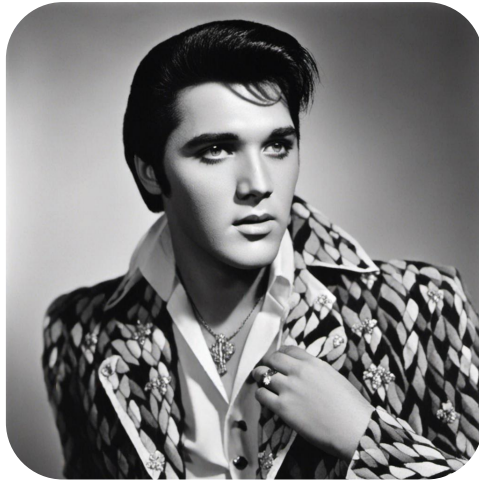


Some of the training images

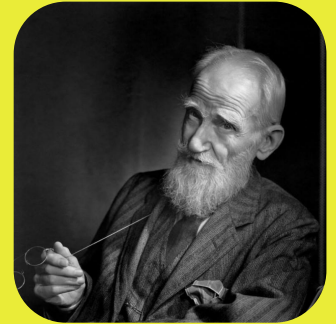


Photographers could train a model based on their photography style

AI-generated images of the model [Karsh photography](#)



Some of the training images



Tattoo artists could train a model based on their previous tattoos

AI-generated images of the mode [Tattoos](#)



Some of the training images



Video game designers could train a model based on their art style.

AI-generated images of the model [Borderline Style](#)



Some of the training images

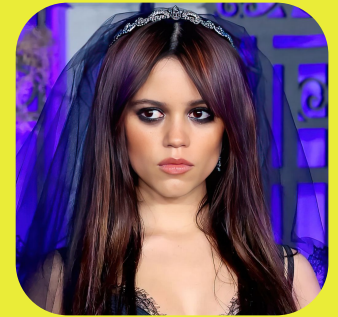


Everyone could train a model of themselves or ...

AI-generated images of the model [Jenna Ortega](#)



Some of the training images



Or their pets :)

AI-generated images of **the model** [Goldendoodle Benny](#)



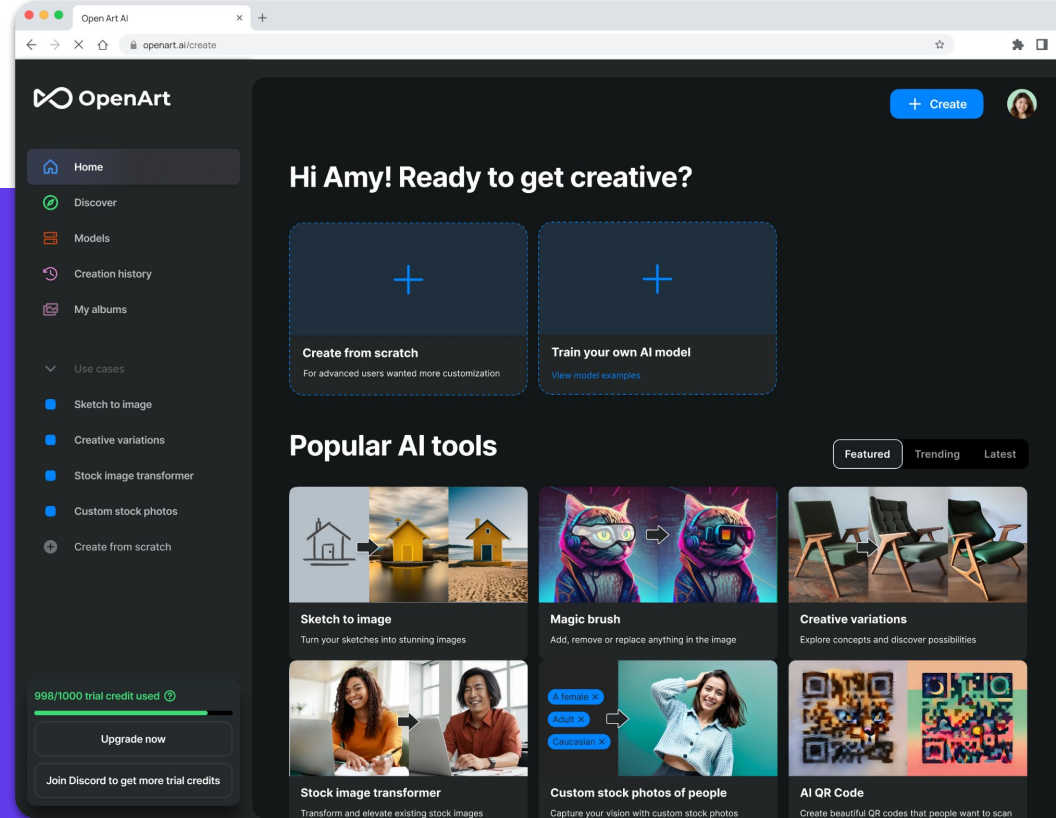
Some of the training images



OpenArt Intro

OpenArt (<https://openart.ai>) is a AI image generation platform. You can generate images with existing popular models or train your own model. It has all kinds of AI tools to help you get your desirable images.

OpenArt has a vibrant community. Not only can you train your own models, you can also use other people's trained models on [the models page](#).



02

Model Training Intro



Model
Kawaii_3D

Prompt
<mymodel> a 3d render
of kawaii cow reading a
book on a pink
background

Model training VS fine-tuning

Model training is the process of building a model from the ground up by showing AI a large dataset, while **fine-tuning** involves further training a pre-trained model with a smaller and specific dataset. The pre-trained model, often referred to as a "base model".

Here's an analogy: if training a model is to teach a dog an entirely new trick, fine-tuning is to teach the dog a new trick similar to one it already knows.

In this book, when we talk about training a model, we actually mean fine-tuning, since one only needs to give a small number of images for AI to learn, but for the sake of simplicity, we will just say model training. **The base model of fine-tuning on OpenArt is SDXL and the exact fine-tuning method is called LoRA,** which we will talk in the next slide.



Model: [Impressionism](#)
Prompt: <mymodel>
lavender-fields in the Provence

What is LoRA?

LoRA stands for Low-Rank Adaptation. It allows you to use low-rank adaptation technology to quickly fine-tune diffusion models.

LoRA is one of the fine-tuning methods. Compared to other methods like DreamBooth, Textual Inversion etc, it has benefits like smaller output file size, fewer training images required etc.

LoRA is particularly valuable for beginners, as it simplifies the process of adapting complex models for your specific needs without requiring extensive expertise in AI. Whether you're looking to enhance the performance of an image generation model or fine-tune a model for your specific need, LoRA can be a valuable ally in AI image generation journey.



Model: Impressionism

Prompt: <mymodel>portrait of an old man wearing a green parka

How to train a model?

On OpenArt, training a model is as easy as 3 steps. You can then use your trained model just like any other models. You can visit [OpenArt](#) to start today or read the more detailed [step-by-step instructions in Section 7](#).



Step 1 - curate your dataset of images. Read more dataset examples in upcoming sections.



Step 2 - name your model and **upload** the images on [OpenArt](#). Wait for 5-15 min.



Step 3 - generate images with prompts. Make sure to add <mymodel> in your prompt.

Keys to train a good model in general

1.

Square images are preferred. Images are cropped to square when training.

2.

Images should be at least 1024×1024, non-blurry and clear.

3.

It could take a few **iterations** to train a really good model. You may need to train and adjust your dataset and train again.

03

Style Training



Model
[Kawaii 3D](#)

Prompt:
<mymodel> a 3d render of
kawaii artist-cat painting a
canvas on an orange
background

Keys to train a good style model

1.

Quantity matters a lot! The more images the more likely you will get the style you want.

2.

Consistency is the key!
Training is teaching the model what is "common" between the images, so there should be a very clear common factor.

3.

Variety wins! Have various objects in this style. If the training images only contain cars, the model will have a hard time creating humans - unless you only want car images back ;)

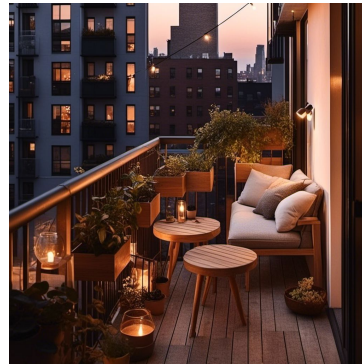
Modern Wooden Furniture Model



Curated these images from **Pinterest**.

When curating the dataset, though you can pick images of different objects, make sure the vibe and style is pretty consistent. Otherwise AI won't recognize the style shared by these images.

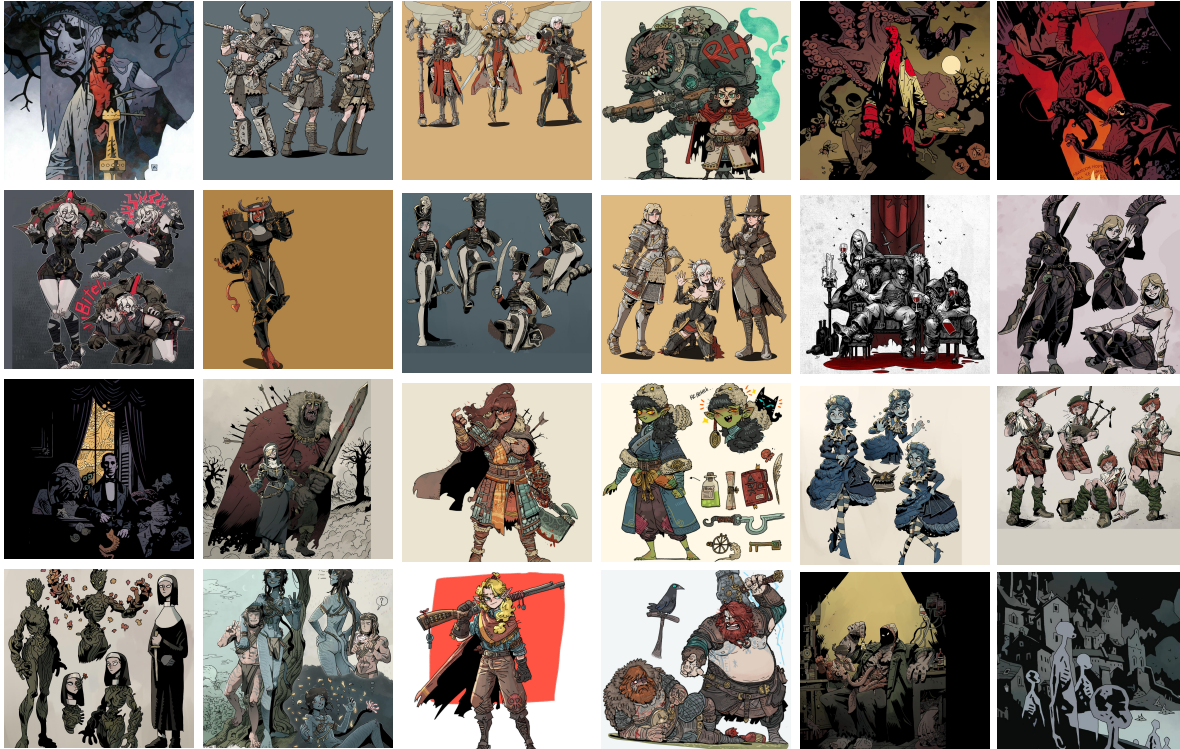
Modern Wooden Furniture Model



When generating the images, the prompts are all pretty straightforward. Like ***a living room in the style of <my model>***.

As you can see, even if the training images didn't contain images of people, it can still generate images of a person in this style, based on AI's interpretation.

High Contrast, Flat / Hard Shading model



Curated these images from **Google**.

Aim for a colorful dataset for various colors, lights, subjects.

You may use images that are “zoomed crops” of your dataset images to have the AI learn all the details. As long as images don’t have limbs or joints , you could provide a flipped version of It to enhance symmetry .

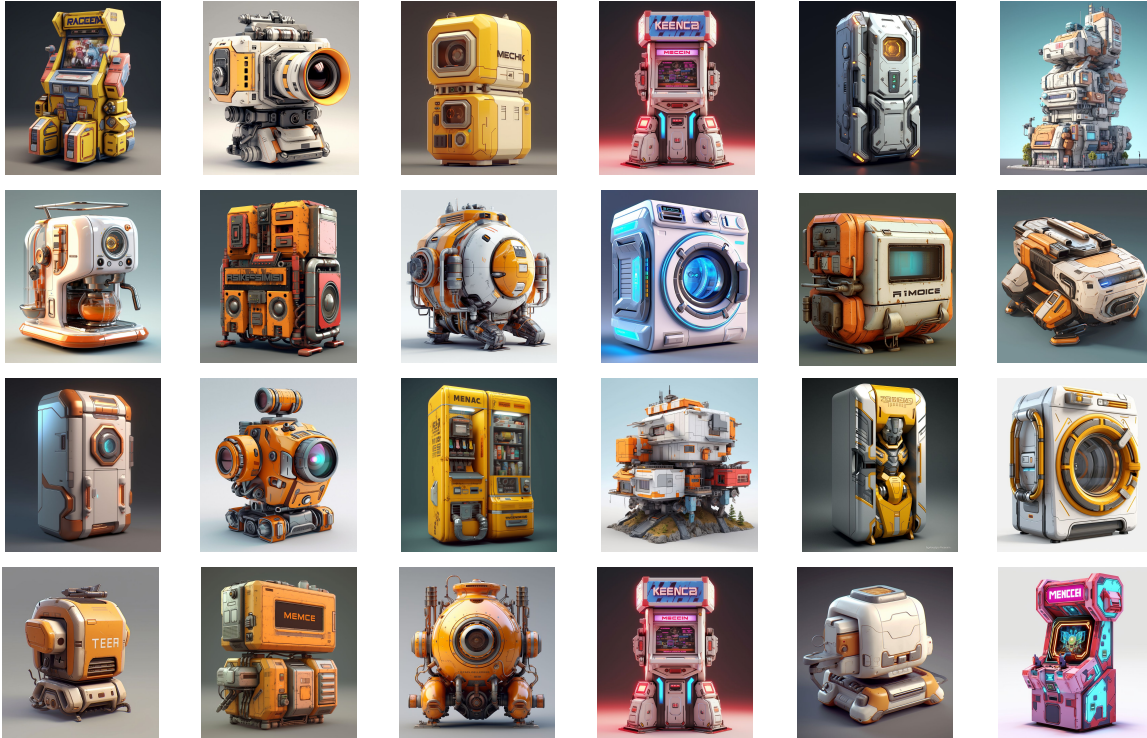
High Contrast, Flat / Hard Shading model



When generating the images, the prompts are all pretty straightforward : **A ___ in <my model> artstyle.**

Example: *A wereshark, a Turkish pendant lamp, a desert city, an unicorn, a coffee machine and a Laboratory .*

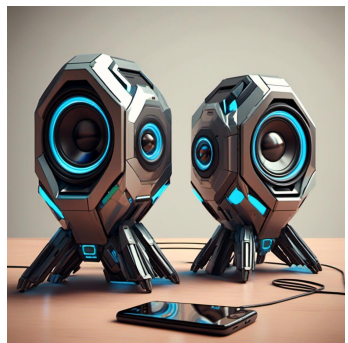
Futuristic Machines



Created these images with **Midjourney**, but you can use any other models too like Stable Diffusion or Dalle-3.

The Midjourney prompts were:
coffee-machine-mecha render.
sound-system-mecha render.
refrigerator-mecha render.
microwave-mecha render.
toaster-mecha render.
etc...

Futuristic Machines



Generated with the prompt
<mymodel> futuristic _____.

When we used 12 instead of 24 images the results were still futuristic, but less pronounced, so we recommend more training images if possible. As a rule for training a style model, use at least 20-30 images. The more references you will give the AI to learn, the better it will understand.

04

Character Training



Model
[Kawaii 3D](#)

Prompt
<mymodel> a 3d
render of a kawaii
bearded wizard on a
turquoise background

Keys to train good character model?

1.

Make sure to have **a variety of** poses, angles and backgrounds. If the background contains other characters, make sure it only appears in one or two images.

2.

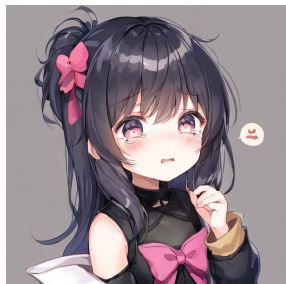
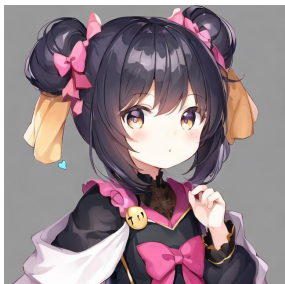
Differences between images make the model think that those are changeable features. Therefore, it's important to **avoid using images that lack the standout details** that you want to keep and are unique to your characters.

3.

If possible, mix as **many media formats** as possible:

- Screenshots of 3D renders
- Pictures from 3D prints
- "Tradigital" painting
- Screenshots
- etc

Cute Anime Girl Sakura Model

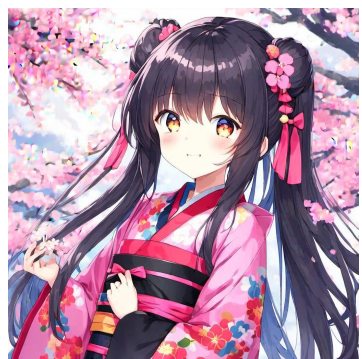
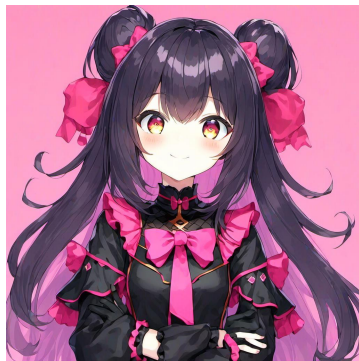


Created these training images with OpenArt.

The first image was created by using **Anything V3 model** with the prompt **1 girl, cute little girl, emoticons, simple background**.

You can keep the seed the same and add modifiers on the base prompt to create other images. Only select the images that you think are similar enough to the original character since not all the images will be similar enough.

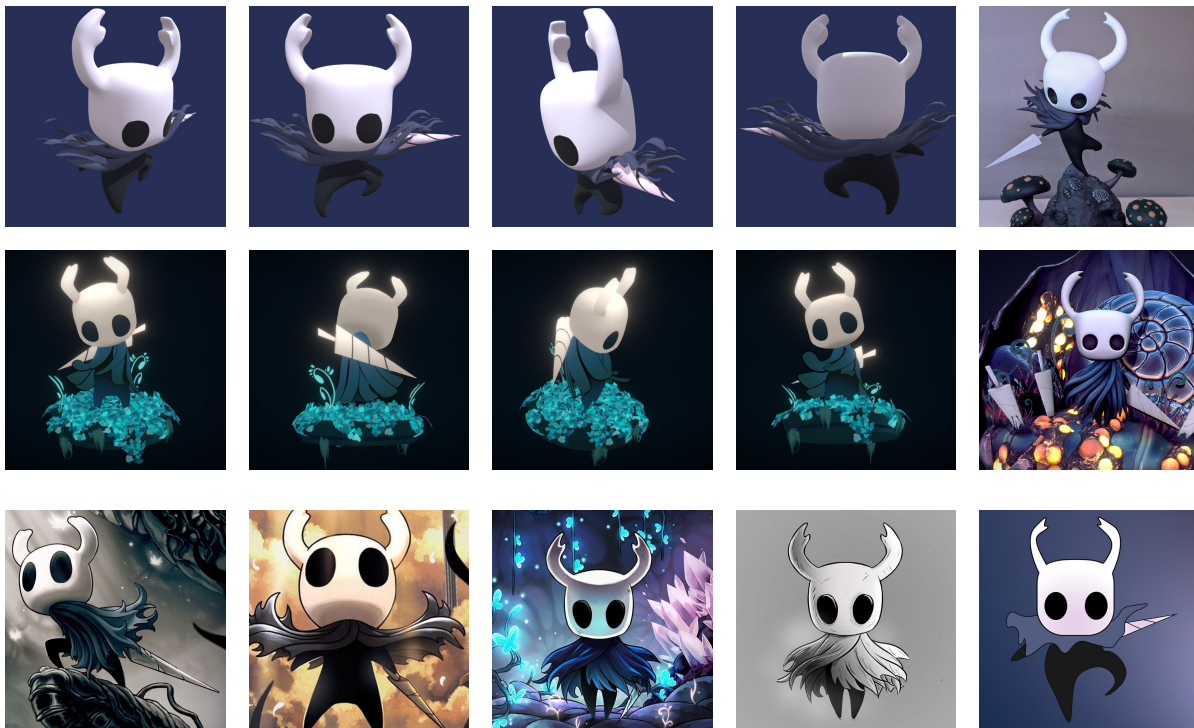
Cute Anime Girl Sakura Model



Even if the training images all look pretty similar, the AI-generated images can be way more diverse and very different from the training images.

The prompts are minimal too after you train a model. Like the first one is simply **<mymodel> wears a Christmas hat.**

Hollow Knight



Curated these images from **Google** and **Sketchfab**.

Sketchfab allows you to take 360° shots from 3D models. Also included a 3D print and game's promo images, but cropped to isolate and focus the character.

With only 28 images wielding the sword, it's easy to “swap” and the subtle difference between horns is enough to swap them too .

Hollow Knight



A good “benchmark” after training any model should be “debugging” colors, lighting, places, different character actions, interactions and poses.

These prompts brings the protagonist to different scenarios which the color flexibility could be tested.

Calintz from Magna Carta



Curated these images from **Google**

Since nearly everything of the character shouldn't be swappable, every image contains nearly everything that resembles its major characteristics. Zoom cropping isn't a good idea, since it may produce images with missing features, further teaching the model that those are swappable.

If you have a 3D model and the opportunity to render screenshots from multiple angles and poses, be careful when a core feature is occluded from point of view .

Try to input as many images as possible showing its core features .

Calintz from Magna Carta



With just a few images it's easy to always output something strongly biased towards the training images instead of a flexible model that allows you to “mix and match” new creative outputs. However, that behavior could be desirable and intended in some cases.

Those images are prompted like : **A <mymodel> close-up portrait.**

05

Face Training

Model

[Kawaii 3D](#)

Prompt

<mymodel> a 3d
render of a kawaii
hamster is wearing
sunglasses on a
orange background



Keys to train good person model

1.

Use photos with a **single well-lit human subject** without obstructions, like glasses, masks etc. No multiple people.

2.

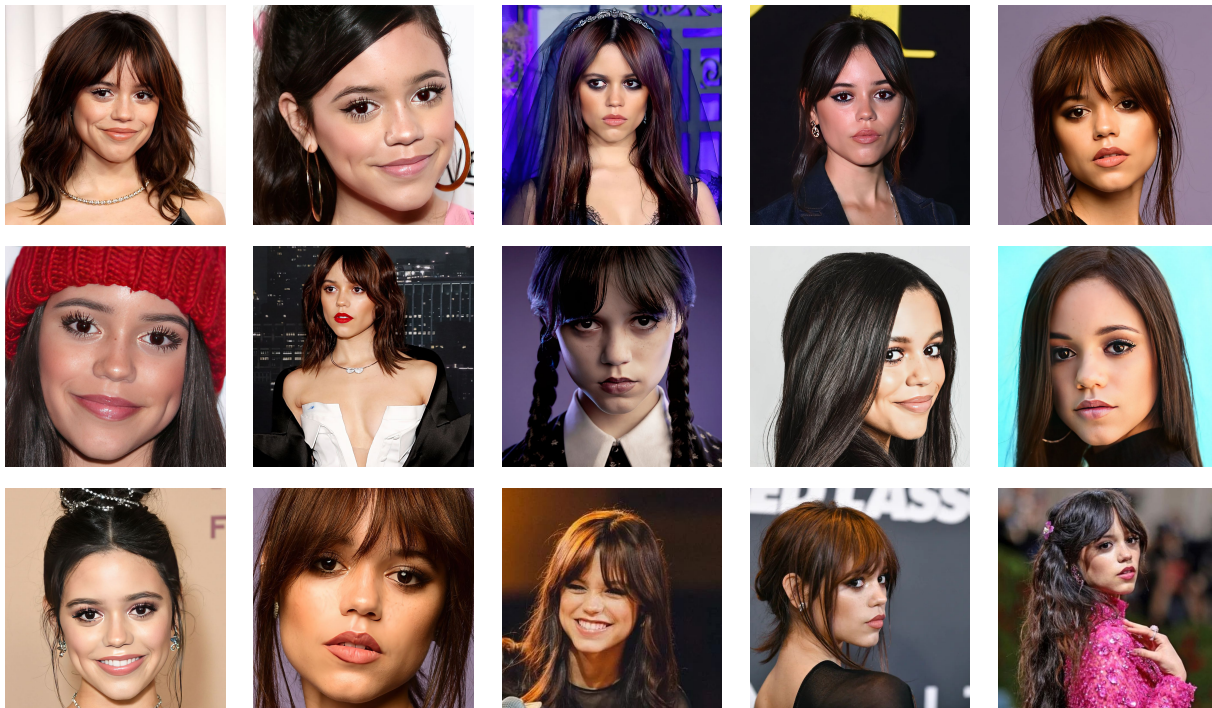
Close-up and half-body images are more desirable than full-body images.

The Face must appear on all images as long as it's the most remarkable characteristic of the person

3.

Images must have a good **variety**: different outfits, hairstyles, backgrounds, lighting, facial expressions angles and poses .

Jenna Ortega



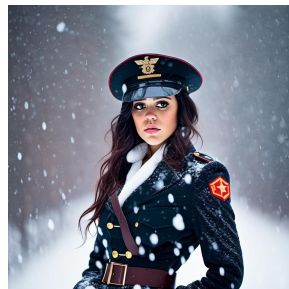
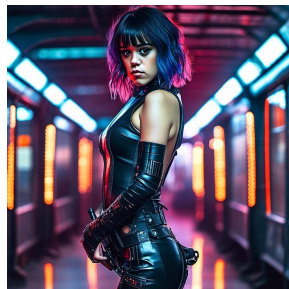
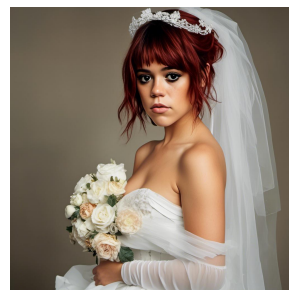
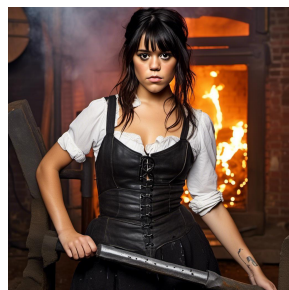
Curated these images from **Google**.

To enhance flexibility and fidelity, make sure the training images have different

- backgrounds/location
- lighting
- facial expressions
- head rotations
- clothes
- hairstyles
- makeup

etc.

Jenna Ortega



Prompt : <MyModel> as a _____ in the middle of a _____

Kevin James



Curated these images from **Google** .

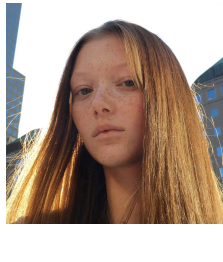
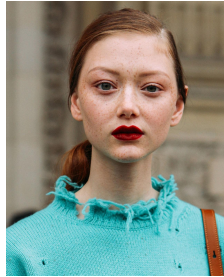
When searching for images to build a dataset, make sure you choose "large" size in "tools" section of google images to find high resolution images that are 1024×1024 or larger, or you will get blurry results from your trained model!

Kevin James



Prompt : Photo/painting of <MyModel> as a _____

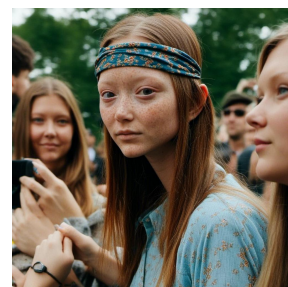
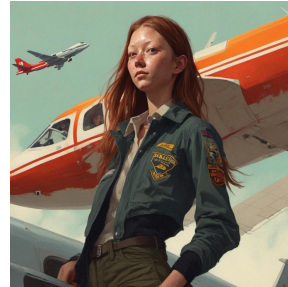
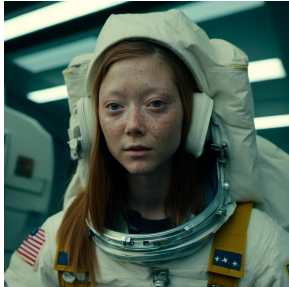
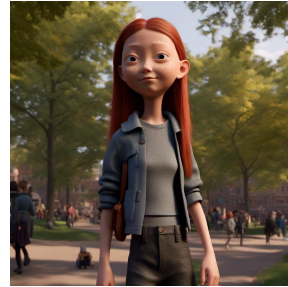
Sara Grace Wallerstedt



Curated these images from **Google**.

Humans have more details for AI to learn. You may need to increase the number of steps when generating images if you see artifacts. The default step on OpenArt is 40, but you can increase the steps up to 60 to enhance the details in the image.

Sara Grace Wallerstedt



Prompt : Photo/painting of <MyModel> as a _____

06

Object Training



Model
[Kawaii 3D](#)

Prompt
<mymodel> a 3d
render of kawaii bear
with a guitar on a red
background

Keys to train good object model?

1.

Have photos of the object from **different angles** and **different distances**. Upload **6-10 or more** images.

2.

Use a **single clear** english word for the **object prompt box**, like “car”, “mug”, “cat”. Don’t use your cat’s name “Lucy”.

3.

Objects should be **clearly differentiated from and stand out** against the background.

Goldendoodle Benny

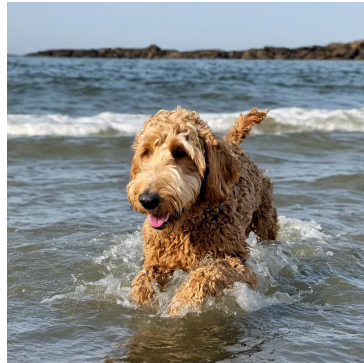


These images were **taken by a phone**.

It's very important to have photos of different distance (close-ups, medium distance, and the full body).

Would recommend cropping these images before uploading to provide the variety.

Goldendoodle Benny



Dogs/cats can have many details like their fur. If you see artifacts in your image, you can increase the step.

As you can see, you can make your pet do things that they would never do like riding a skateboard or cook your dinner for you :)

Car



Curated these images were obtained through **an online car-seller**, but you could also do these yourself with your phone or any camera.

On purpose we choose underlit pictures that were not the best quality to demonstrate that the training don't have to be professionally taken.

Car



When your model is done, you can place it anywhere in the world, day or night. You can even change the car's color.

This is a great example of minimum effort and maximum result. Remember, only 6 pictures of mediocre quality were used.

The prompt was used is:
<myprompt> driving in ____.

Prompt : <MyModel> driving in ____

Sports shoes



These images were obtained through **an online shoe-store**, but you could also do these yourself with any camera.

The images were large enough to cut out extra close-ups.

Sports shoes



As you saw, the originals were greyscale, yet the AI has no trouble to render them out in any colour of your choice. As an extra you your AI model can already wear them.

The prompt was used is:
<myprompt> in amber worn by _____.

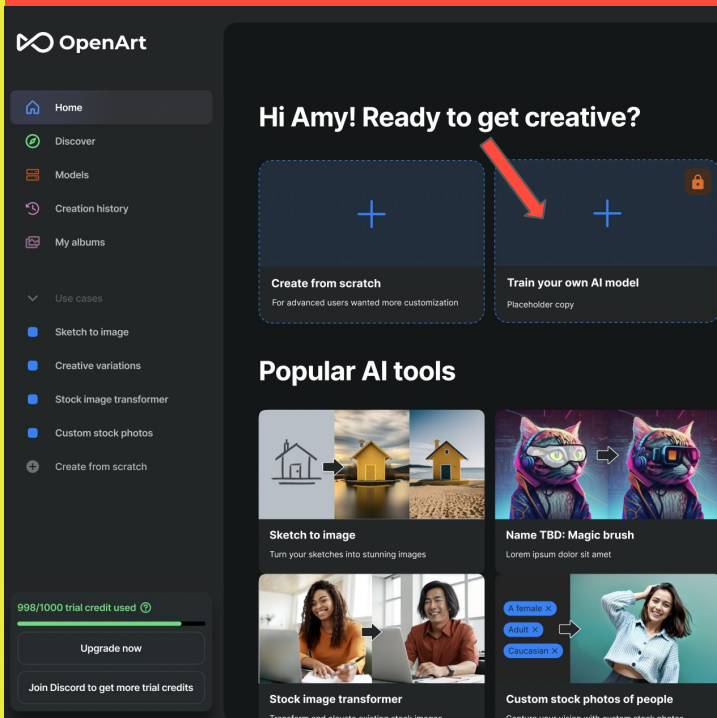
07

Step-by-step guide



Model
[Kawaii 3D](#)

Prompt
<mymodel> a 3d
render of kawaii
monkey sitting in a
frame on a yellow
background



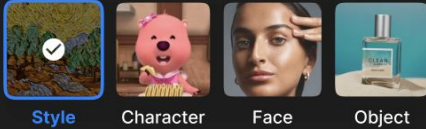
Step 1 - Visit OpenArt

Visit [OpenArt's Model Training page](#).

⊖ You're currently on the Free plan, upgrade to train your own model.

Upgrade


1 Select a type of model



2 Name your model

For instance, "my portrait"

3 Upload 4-64 image samples

 Upload image

Check out our [Pro tips](#) for selecting sample images.

Step 2 - Train


Choose the type model you want to train. Give it a name and upload all the training images.

Note that you do need to be a subscriber to train a model because it takes us non-trivial computing power to train a model, but we offer very competitive package and price.

Model training


Train your unique AI model with just a few images. Just upload your images, and we'll handle the complexities, empowering you to produce consistent, personalized art styles effortlessly. [Learn more.](#)

My models




FlowerPot
Created on 11/6/2023

Create With This Model Publish




Ryan
Created on 11/5/2023

Create With This Model Publish




Goldendoodle Benny
Created on 11/3/2023

Create With This Model Publish




Modern Wooden Furniture Style
Created on 11/3/2023

Create With This Model



Flat Illustration
Created on 11/2/2023

Create With This Model Publish



Tattoos
Created on 11/1/2023

Create With This Model Publish

Step 2 - Wait

Wait for 5-15 min. After your model is done, you can see them on the right side. You can start creating by clicking the Create button.

Prompt ?

Click to add `<mymodel>` into your prompt.

E.g., a photo of `<mymodel>`.

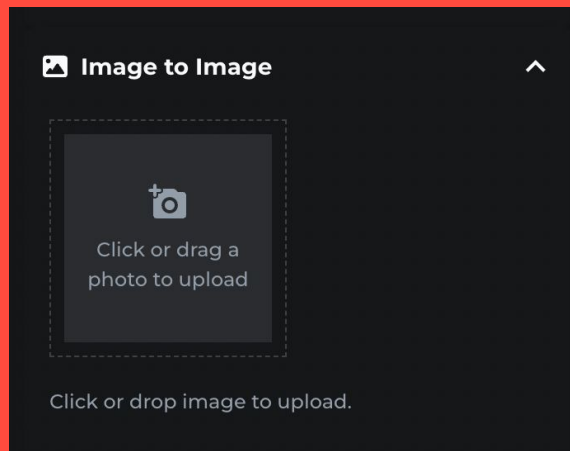
Your Prompt

+ Add `<mymodel>` Token

Check out [Prompt Book](#), [Prompt Template](#) or [Video Tutorials](#) for inspiration.

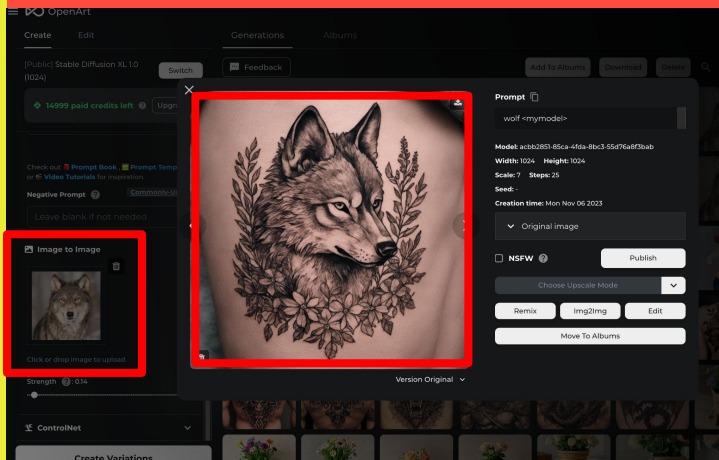
Step 4 - Write a prompt

You will need to add `<mymodel>` in the prompt for the AI to trigger the model you trained. For example, if your model is a person, you can write `<mymodel> wears a hat`. Throughout this book, you can see examples of the prompts.



Step 5 - (optional) Give a reference image

You can also use img2img on your trained model. In this example, a wolf image on the Tattoo model gives a wolf tattoo that looks like the original image.



Publish your model ×

Model name (required)

FlowerPot

Suggested prompts

Suggested prompts

Description

Share more about your model. This will help others use it more effectively.

Upload 4-8 sample images (required)



Click or drag a photo to upload

Cancel

Publish

Step 6 - (optional) Publish your model

If you'd like to have more people use your model, you can publish it so that other OpenArt subscribers can use your model. All the community models will show up on the [Models page](#).

Model

[Kawaii 3D](#)

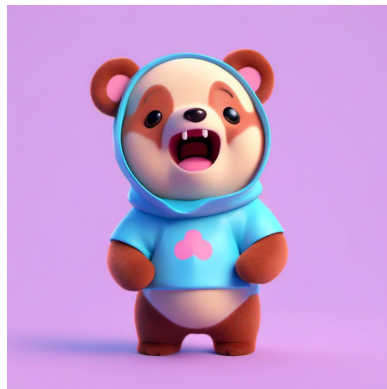
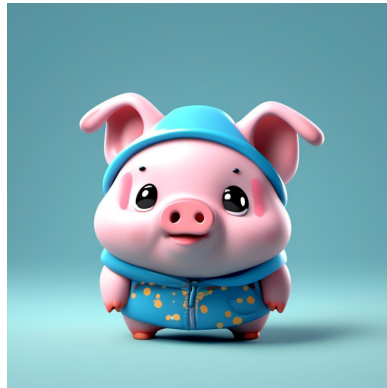
Prompt

<mymodel> a 3d
render of 2 kawaii
floating ghosts on an
orange background

08

OpenArt Showcase



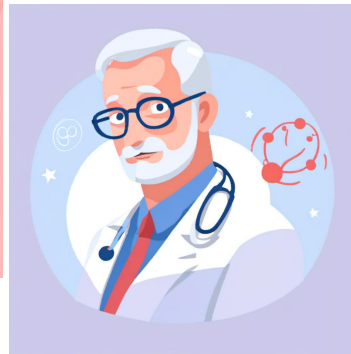
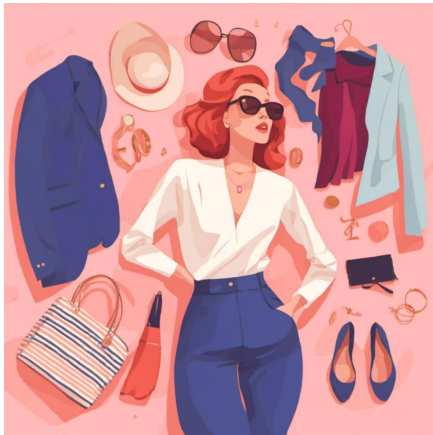
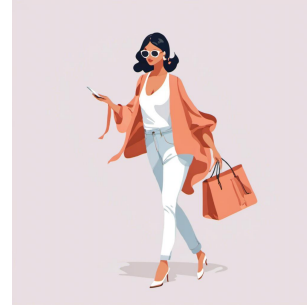
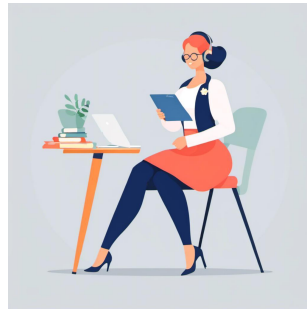


Model: 3D cuteness

Description: Generates cute 3D characters and scenes with some kawaii flavour..

An example prompt: <mymodel> a 3d render of kawaii bear with a guitar on a red background.

[Create with this model now](#)

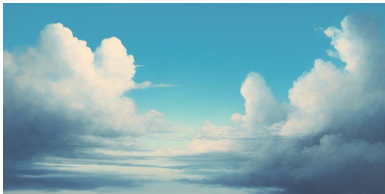


Model: Flat Illustration

Description: Generates clean, beautiful and creative flat illustrations easily.

An example prompt: <mymodel> a fashionable lady, flat illustration, clean background

[Create with this model now](#)



Model: Aquarelle/watercolour

Description: Generates watercolours.

An example prompt: <mymodel> portrait of a victorian lady

[Create with this model now](#)

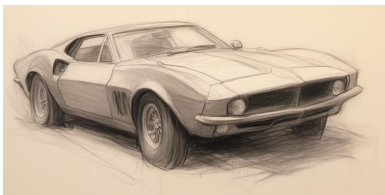


Model: Complex Character Designs

Description: A model with images from RPG Tabletop games, focusing on equipment and characters .

An example prompt: An anthropomorphic walrus in <mymodel> artstyle .

[Create with this model now](#)



Model: sketch

Description: Generates academic sketches.

An example prompt: <mymodel>
pencil-sketch of a ruin of a Roman temple

[Create with this model now](#)

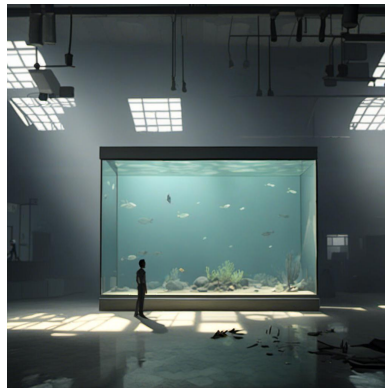


Model: Impressionism

Description: Generates loosely painted impressionistic paintings.

An example prompt: <mymodel> poppy flowers

[Create with this model now](#)



Model: Inside - game

Description: Generates scene in the style of “Inside” game by Playdead

An example prompt: car parked in a warehouse in the style of <mymodel>.

[Create with this model now](#)

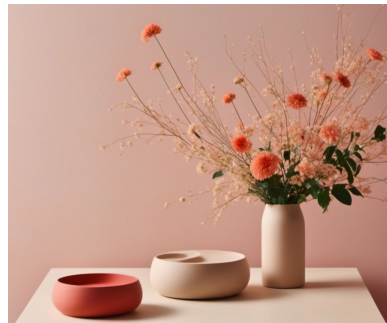
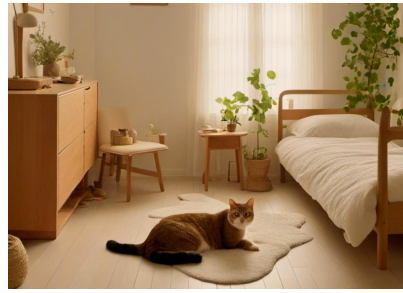
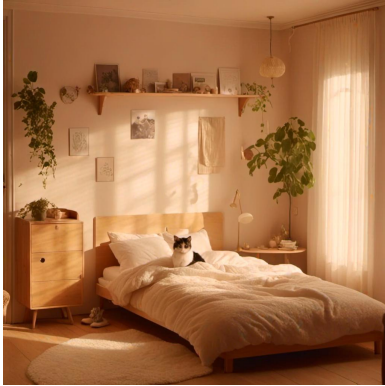


Model: Tattoos

Description: This model allows you to generate creative tattoos easily. Never run out of idea for your next new tattoo.

An example prompt: <mymodel> a tattoo of a skull and rose.

[Create with this model now](#)



Model: Modern Wooden Furniture Style

Description: The model allows you to create both charming wooden-style furniture and contemporary Japanese-inspired room designs.

An example prompt: Living room in the style of <mymodel>

[Create with this model now](#)

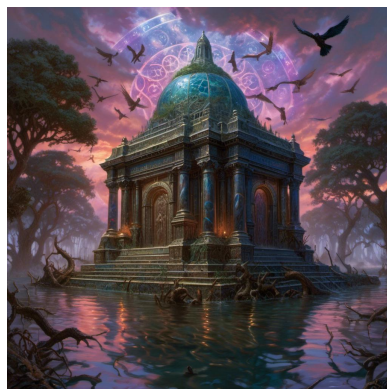


Model: Junkpunk

Description: Generates images from a post apocalyptic dieselpunk era .

An example prompt: A huntress in <mymodel> artstyle

[Create with this model now](#)

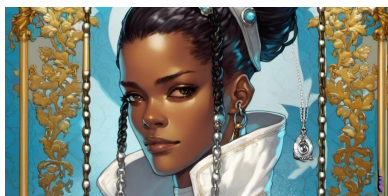
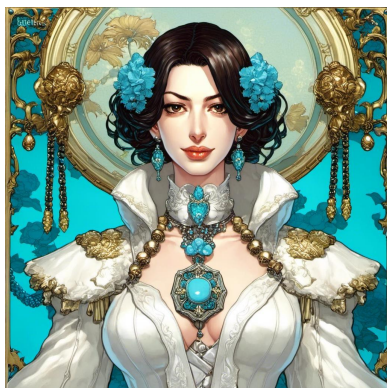
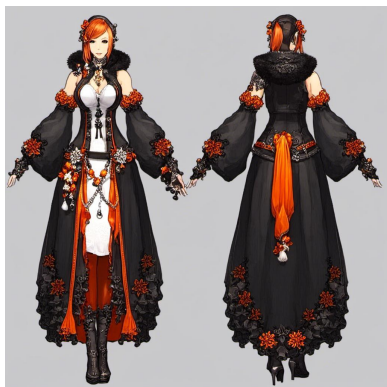
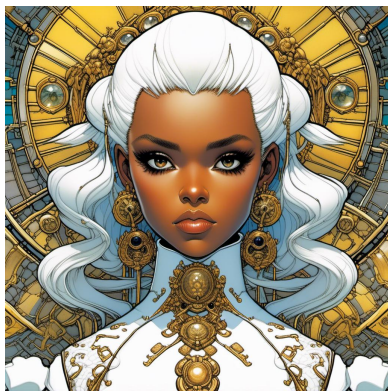


Model: Spellpunk

Description: Generates images with many special effects and particles interacting with books, hands, objects and flowy floating elements

An example prompt: A witch summoning a walrus in <mymodel> artstyle.

[Create with this model now](#)

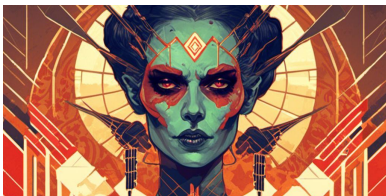
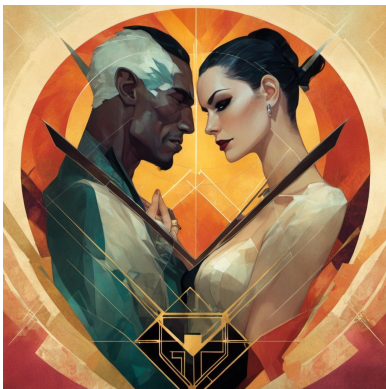


Model: Detailed Costume Designer

Description: Generate images of complex costume designs .

An example prompt: A turnaround reference sheet for the concept character design of a <mymodel> sorceress

[Create with this model now](#)



Model: Geometric

Description: Generates images integrated with geometrical features .

Suggested prompt: A couple of lovers back to back in <mymodel> artstyle

[Create with this model now](#)

Find more on our
[models page](#)



End

Thanks for reading the model training book. Please remember to share with others.

A special shout-out to [Stability AI](#) for empowering our model tuning backend.

If you want to write better prompts, we also published a [Prompt Book](#) before. Visit <https://openart.ai> for more resources and tools.

Join [our Discord server](#) to give any feedback and claim free trial credits.